

Mechatronic design and development of a robotic needle insertion device

– Summer school Montpellier'13 –

Nitish Kumar

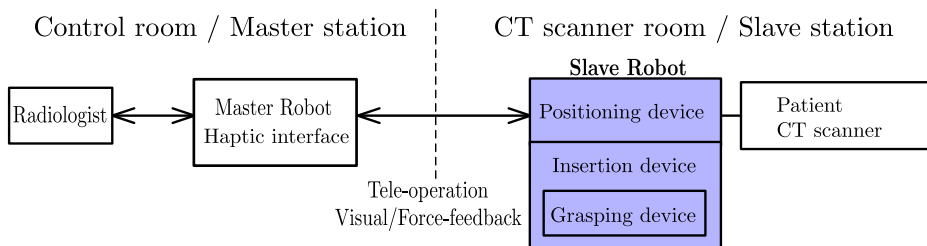
Thesis supervisors: Bernard BAYLE, Olivier PICCIN

AVR, ICube
Strasbourg



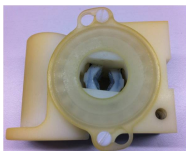
Main goal is to :

- Provide robotic assistance to remotely **manipulate** and **insert** needles under CT guidance
- To protect the radiologist from exposure of x-rays

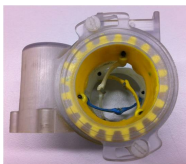


Need for needle grasping device (NGD)

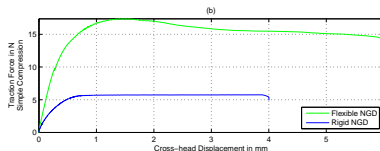
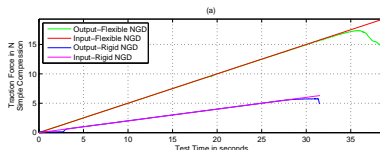
- Insertion of the needle is done in several steps
- After each step, needle needs to be released while inserted to minimize tissue lacerations
- As part of CT-Bot project two versions of NGD were developed



RigidNGD



FlexibleNGD

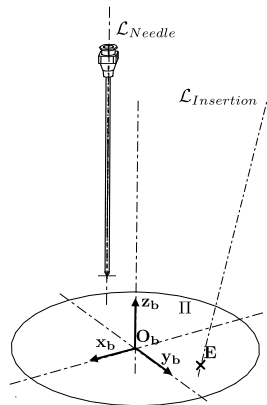


Force vs time/displacement

Development of the positioning device

Minimal task definition

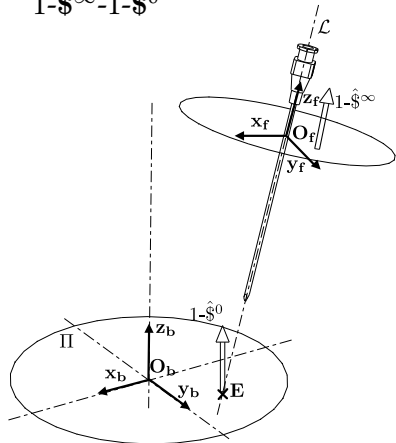
- Point of entry translates in x - y plane
 - 2-translational degrees of freedom(2T)
 - parameterized by x and y coordinates of point of entry
- Axis of needle orients around point of entry
 - 2-rotational degree of freedom(2R)
 - parametrized by angles needle makes with x and y axes
- Need for mechanism with 2T2R mobility
- Presence of a remote center of motion (RCM)



Task definition

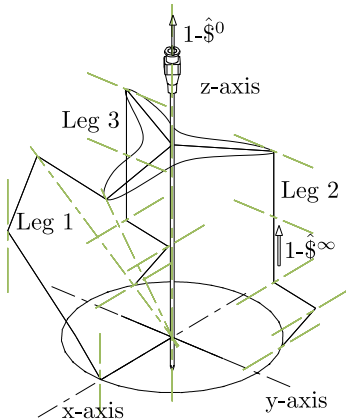
Type synthesis of 2T2R PM

- **Identification of Constraints :**
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Constraints for 2T2R PM

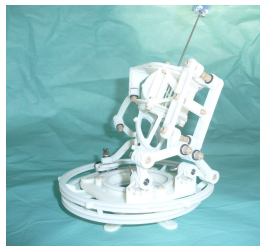
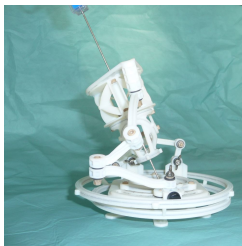
- Twist system : $2\text{-}\mathbb{S}^\infty\text{-}2\text{-}\mathbb{S}^0$



Architecture candidate for 2T2R PM

First Prototype

- First prototype fabricated using rapid prototyping machine



- **Limited workspace** of PM calls for systematic dimensional synthesis for optimizing the size of workspace
- Concerns for presence of **voids, singularities** inside the work space need to be addressed

Results of dimensional synthesis

- An algorithm based on geometric analysis of the singularities
- **Principle** : Workspace boundaries are locus of the singularities
- Characteristic dimension of **100 mm for the slave robot**
- Translational Workspace
 - **± 20 mm along x and y axes**
- Orientation Workspace
 - Symmetrical workspace constraint
 - Achieved a orientation range of **at least $\pm 30^\circ$ about z axis**
 - Asymmetric workspace
 - Achieved a orientation range of **at least $\pm 60^\circ$ about z axis** for two quadrants of the workspace
- Removal of voids from the workspace

- **Positioning device :**

- Choice of the actuation and transmission technology

- **Insertion tool :**

- Development/Choice of suitable force sensor for haptic force feedback

- **Integration :**

- Integration of the positioning device, insertion tool and needle grasping device into one single system

- ① Piccin, O.; **Kumar, N.**; Meylheuc, L.; Barbé, L. and Bayle, B. : Design, development and preliminary assessment of grasping devices for robotized medical applications. Proceedings of the ASME 2012 International design engineering technical conferences, IDETC, 2012
- ② Piccin, O.; **Kumar, N.**; Meylheuc, L.; Barbé, L. and Bayle, B. : Device for grasping an elongated body, such as a needle, and robotized device comprising the same, **Provisional** US Patent 61/681,264, 2012
- ③ **Kumar, N.**; Piccin, Olivier and Meylheuc, L.; Barbé, L. et Bayle, B. : Compliant grasping device for robotized medical applications, 21ème Congrès Français de Mécanique, Bordeaux, 26 au 30 aout 2013
- ④ **Maurin, B.** et. al. : A patient-mounted robotic platform for CT-scan guided procedures, IEEE transactions on bio-medical engineering, 2008, vol. 55, pages : 2417–2425

Thank you for your attention.
Questions ??